



CLAIMS

- 1 1. A medical device for use in a mammal comprising:
- 2 (a) a bioresorbable bulk material; and
- 3 (b) resorbable particles embedded in said bioresorbable bulk material, said resorbable particles
- 4 causing said bioresorbable bulk material to resorb upon contact with a body fluid at a
- 5 controllable resorption rate.

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- 1 2. The medical device of claim 1 wherein said resorbable particles resorb upon contact with
- 2 a body fluid at a resorption rate that is different from the resorption rate of said bioresorbable
- bulk material.

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- 3. The medical device of claim 2 wherein the resorption rate of said resorbable particles is
- greater than the resorption rate of said bioresorbable bulk material.

4. The medical device of claim 1 wherein said bioresorbable bulk material comprises an ionically crosslinked polymeric material.

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5. The medical device of claim 1 wherein said bioresorbable bulk material comprises a covalently crosslinked polymeric material.

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- 1 6. The medical device of claim 4 wherein said ionically crosslinked polymeric material
- 2 comprises at least one polymer or copolymer made from at least one member of the group
- 3 consisting of polyacrylic acids, polymethacrylic acid, polyethylene amine, polysaccharides,
- 4 alginic acid, pectinic acids, carboxy methyl cellulose, hyaluronic acid, heparin, chitosan,
- 5 carboxymethyl chitosan, carboxymethyl starch, carboxymethyl dextran, heparin sulfate,
- 6 chondroitin sulfate, cationic starch, and salts thereof.



- 1 7. The medical device of claim 4 wherein said ionically crosslinked polymeric material is an
- 2 ionically crosslinked polymer hydrogel and has a water content of less than 90% by weight and
- 3 possesses sufficient mechanical strength to serve as a stent, a catheter, a cannula, a plug, a
- 4 constrictor, a sheet, a filler, a bone anchor, a plate, a rod, a seed, a tube, or a portion thereof.

- 1 8. The medical device of claim 1 wherein said medical device is a stent, a catheter, a
- 2 cannula, a plug, a constrictor, a sheet, a filler, a bone anchor, a plate, a rod, a seed, a tube, or a
- 3 portion thereof.

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- 1 9. The medical device of claim 1 wherein each of said resorbable particles comprises an
- 2 organic compound.

- 10. The medical device of claim 1 wherein each of said resorbable particles comprises a
- soluble or degradable inorganic compound.

11. The medical device of claim 9 wherein said organic compound is a sugar or a water soluble organic salt.

12. The medical device of claim 1 wherein each of said resorbable particles comprises an organic or inorganic crystal or powder aggregate.

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> 1 13. The medical device of claim 1 wherein each of said resorbable particles comprises a 2 water-swellable polymer.

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- 1 14. The medical device of claim 13 wherein said water-swellable polymer comprises a
- 2 material selected from the group consisting of polysaccharides, polyglycolic acid, polylactic acid,
- cellulose derivatives, hyaluronic acid, and colloid/hydrogel. 3

Alginate is polysauh.

- 1 15. The medical device of claim 1 wherein the size of each of said resorbable particles is
- 2 from about 5 nm to about 1 mm.

l	16.	The medical device of claim 1 wherein the ratio of said resorbable particles in said
)	hiores	orbable hulk material is equal to or less than about 50 % by volume

- The medical device of claim 1 wherein each of said resorbable particles comprises a 1 17.
- 2 polymer selected from the group consisting of polysaccharides, polyglycolic acid, polylactic acid,
- 3 and polycaprolactone and copolymers of any two or three of glycolic acid, lactic acid, and
- 4 caprolactone monomers.

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- 1 18. A medical device for use in a mammal comprising:
- 2 (a) a bioresorbable bulk material; and
- 3 (b) particles embedded in said bioresorbable bulk material, said particles comprising a magnetic,
- paramagnetic, or superparamagnetic material and causing said bioresorbable bulk material to
 - resorb upon contact with a body fluid at a controllable resorption rate.

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19. The medical device of claim 18 wherein said controllable resorption rate of said bioresorbable bulk material is faster than a resorption rate of said bioresorbable bulk material without said embedded particles.

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The medical device of claim 19 wherein the size of each of said particles is from about 5 20. nm to about 1 mm.

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The medical device of claim 19 wherein the volume percentage of said resorbable 1 21. (particles in said bioresorbable bulk material is equal to or less than about 50 %.

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- 1 22: A method for controlling resorption of a bioresorbable material in a device for use in a
- 2 mammal, said method comprising:
- 3 (a) providing a bioresorbable bulk material;
- 4 (b) embedding resorbable particles in said bioresorbable bulk material, said resorbable particles
- 5 resorb faster upon contact with a body fluid than said bioresorbable bulk material; and

- (c) contacting a body fluid with said bioresorbable bulk material and said resorbable particles
- 7 thereby causing said bioresorbable bulk material to resorb at a controllable resorption rate.

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- 1 23. The method of claim 22 wherein said controllable resorption rate is different from the
- 2 resorption rate of said bioresorbable bulk material without said embedded resorbable particles.

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- 24. 1 The method of claim 23 wherein said bioresorbable bulk material comprises an ionically
- 2 crosslinked polymeric material.

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- 1 25. The method of claim 23 wherein said bioresorbable bulk material comprises a covalently
- 2 crosslinked polymeric material.

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- · 0 1 26. The method of claim 23 wherein said resorption rate is controlled by varying the size or □ 1 □ 2
 - the amount of said resorbable particles.

- 27. The method of claim 23 wherein said resorbable particles swell upon contact with said
- body fluid.

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- 28. The method of claim 23 wherein said resorbable particles hydrolyze into by-products soluble in said body fluid upon contact with said body fluid.
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- 1 29. A method for controlling resorption of a bioresorbable material in a device, said method
- 2 comprising:
- 3 (a) providing a bioresorbable bulk material;
- 4 (b) embedding particles having a pre-selected magnetic property in said bioresorbable bulk
- 5 material;
- 6 (c) providing a magnetic field surrounding said particles; and
- 7 (d) inducing activation or vibration of each of said particles thereby causing said bioresorbable
- 8 bulk material to resorb at a controllable resorption rate.



- 1 30. The method of claim 29 wherein said controllable resorption rate is different from a
- resorption rate of said bioresorbable bulk material without said embedded particles. 2

- 1 31. The method of claim 30 wherein each of said particles is magnetic, paramagnetic, or
- 2 superparamagnetic and wherein said inducing activation or vibration of each of said particles is
- 3 by varying said magnetic field surrounding said particles.

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- A method for controlling resorption of a medical device, said method comprising 1 32.
- 2 (a) providing a bioresorbable bulk material shaped as a medical device;
- 3 (b) providing a coating material comprising a dissolvable polymeric material that allows
- 4 diffusion of a body fluid through said coating material at a controllable rate; and
- (c) coating said medical device with said coating material.

- A composition for use in a device in a mammal, said composition comprising: 33:
- 2 (a) a bioresorbable bulk material; and
 - (b) resorbable particles embedded in said bioresorbable bulk material, said resorbable particles
- 1 3 1 4 causing said bioresorbable bulk material to resorb upon contact with a body fluid at a
 - controllable resorption rate.

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- A composition for use in a device in a mammal, said composition comprising: 34.
- 2 (a) a bioresorbable bulk material; and
- 3 (b) resorbable particles embedded in said bioresorbable bulk material, said resorbable particles
- 4 having a resorption rate that is different from a resorption rate of said bioresorbable bulk material
- and said resorbable particles causing said bioresorbable bulk material to resorb at a controllable 5
- 6 rate upon contact with a body fluid.

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- 1 35. The composition of claim 34 wherein the resorption rate of said resorbable particles is
- 2 greater than the resorption rate of said bioresorbable bulk material.

- The composition of claim 34 wherein said bioresorbable bulk material comprises an 1 36. ionically crosslinked polymeric material or a covalently crosslinked polymeric material. 2 3 The composition of claim 34 wherein each of said resorbable particles comprise an 1 37. 2 organic compound. 3
- The composition of claim 34 wherein each of said resorbable particles comprise a soluble 38. 1 2 or degradable inorganic compound.
- The composition of claim 34 wherein each of said resorbable particles comprise organic 39. 1 or inorganic crystals or powder aggregates. 2
- The composition of claim 34 wherein each of said resorbable particles comprise a 40. **1** 2 polymer.

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- 14 The composition of claim 34 wherein the size of said resorbable particles is about 5 nm to 11 41. about 1 mm.
- 3 The composition of claim 34 wherein the volume percentage of said resorbable particles IU 1 42. l≟ [2 in said bulk material is equal to or less than about 50 %. l**≟** 3
 - The composition of claim 34 wherein each of said resorbable particles comprise a 1 43. magnetic, paramagnetic, or superparamagnetic material. 2
 - A system for controlled delivery of a pharmaceutical agent in the body of a mammal, said (44) 1 system comprising a carrier device having coated thereon a bioresorbable ionically or covalently 2 crosslinked polymeric material and incorporated therein said pharmaceutical agent. 3
 - A coating material for use in a medical device for regulating resorption of said medical (45)1 device, said coating material comprises a bioresorbable ionically or covalently crosslinked 2

- 3 polymeric material that allows diffusion into said medical device by a body fluid at a pre-selected
- 4 rate